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Integrated Analysis of Vietnamese *Illigera trifoliata* ssp. *cucullata* (Merr.) Kubitzki), Leaf and Stem Essential Oils by GC-FID/GC-MS and ¹³C NMR

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Abstract: *Illigera trifoliata* ssp. *cucullata* (Merr.) Kubitzki (Hernandiaceae) is a liana distributed mainly in the tropical regions of Asia. Nothing is known on the phytochemicals produced by this species. Oil samples have been isolated from leaves, and stems, and analyzed by combination of chromatographic and spectroscopic techniques [GC(FID), GC-MS and ¹³C NMR]. The compositions of leaf and stem oils were dominated by α -phellandrene (25.8 and 29.2%), α -pinene (26.0 and 9.5%) and β -phellandrene (12.8 and 15.8%), followed by limonene (5.5 and 8.1%) and β -pinene (7.5 and 3.0%). The stem essential oil from *Illigera trifoliata* ssp. *cucullata* exhibited antibacterial activity against *Bacillus subtilis* and *Escherichia coli* with MIC values of 4000 µg/mL and IC₅₀ values of 1824,56 ±136 and 2666,66 ±257 µg/mL, respectively.

Keywords: *Illigera trifoliata* ssp. *cucullata;* essential oil composition; monoterpene hydrocarbons-rich oil; α -phellandrene; β -phellandrene; α -pinene. © 2022 ACG Publications. All rights reserved.

1. Plant Source

I. trifoliata ssp. *cucullata* is a liana with brown and glabrous stem, 3-foliolate leaves, purplegreen or green flowers, two-winged fruit with suborbicular or ligulate wings, 4-4.5 cm wide [1]. It grows wild on margins of evergreen forest, forest edges in open sunny places, in ravines, at altitude 100-1000 m. It is distributed in Andaman Islands, Laos, Thailand, Sumatra, and Peninsular Malaysia as well as in Vietnam [2].

The plants of *I. trifoliata* ssp. *cucullata* were collected in Pa Co-Hang Nature Reserve, Pa Co Commune, Moc Chau district, Hoa Binh province, located in North-Western Vietnam in October 20, 2020. Plant material was authenticated by Dr Do Van Hai (plant taxonomist, IEBR). A voucher specimen (N° TN-50) was deposited at the Herbarium of Institute of Ecology and Biological Resources, Vietnam Academy of Science and Technology (HN).

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2. Previous Studies

Some phytochemical studies on chemical composition, structure, and bioactivity of compounds isolated from some species of genus *Illigera* have been presented in the literature [3-10]. To the best of our knowledge, nothing has been reported on phytochemicals produced by *Illigera trifoliata* whatever the sub-species.

3. Present Study

In continuation of our on-going work on the characterization of Vietnamese medicinal and aromatic plants through the composition of their essential oils [11,12], we report for the first time on the compositions of *Illigera trifoliata* ssp. *cucullata* (Merr.) Kubitzki (Hernandiaceae) leaf and stem essential oils.

The genus *Illigera* consists of *ca*. 20 species and is characterized by their invariably winged fruits, the wings of which are developed from two or more angles of the ovary. *Illigera trifoliata* (Griff.) Dunn (Hernandiaceae), also known as *Coryzadenia trifoliata* Griff. or *Illigera kurzii* C.B. Clarke, contains three infraspecific taxa, including *I. trifoliata* ssp. *cucullata* (Merr.) Kubitzki [13]. Some species of *Illigera* are used in traditional Vietnamese medicine to treat rheumatism, bone pain, febrile seizures, bright-yellow urine, hemoptysis, scabies and boils [14, 15].

Leaves and stems of *Illigera trifoliata* ssp. *cucullata* were hydrodistilled separately (4-5h) using a Clevenger-type apparatus. Yields, calculated from dry material were 0.35% and 0.07% (v/w), respectively for leaves and stems. Both oil samples were submitted to GC(RI), GC-MS and ¹³C NMR analyses, following a method developed at the University of Corsica [16,17]. In total, 58 components have been identified. They accounted for 99.4% (leaf) and 97.2% (stem) of the whole composition, respectively.

	Table 1. The Composition of <i>Illigera trifoliata</i> ssp. <i>cucultata</i> leaf and stem essential oils							
	Compound ^a	Ria ^{litt}	Rip ^{litt}	RIa	RI p	%L	%S	Identification mode
1	α-Thujene	926	1027	924	1022	0.4	0.4	RI, MS
2	α-Pinene	934	1025	932	1022	26.0	9.5	RI, MS, ¹³ C NMR
3	Camphene	947	1068	945	1066	2.0	1.5	RI, MS, ¹³ C NMR
4	Thuja-2,4(10)-diene	945	1122	948	1128	0.1	t	RI, MS
5	Oct-1-en-3-ol	966	1444	963	1449	t	0.1	RI, MS
6	Sabinene	968	1122	967	1123	0.5	0.2	RI, MS, ¹³ C NMR
7	β-Pinene	973	1110	972	1112	7.5	3.0	RI, MS, ¹³ C NMR
8	Myrcene	983	1161	982	1162	4.4	3.7	RI, MS, ¹³ C NMR
9	α-Phellandrene	999	1168	1000	1168	25.8	29.2	RI, MS, ¹³ C NMR
10	δ-3-Carene	1007	1147	1007	1149	0.1	0.2	RI, MS
11	<i>p</i> -Cymene	1015	1270	1013	1273	1.8	5.7	RI, MS, ¹³ C NMR
12	Limonene*	1024	1198	1023	1203	5.5*	8.1*	RI, MS, ¹³ C NMR
13	β-Phellandrene*	1021	1209	1023	1212	12.8*	15.8*	RI, MS, ¹³ C NMR
14	(Z) - β -Ocimene	1029	1234	1026	1233	0.1	0.1	RI, MS
15	(E) - β -Ocimene	1038	1250	1038	1250	2.9	3.2	RI, MS, ¹³ C NMR
16	γ-Terpinene	1050	1245	1050	1246	0.1	0.1	RI, MS
17	Terpinolene	1079	1282	1080	1283	0.1	0.1	RI, MS
18	Linalool	1086	1543	1085	1547	0.3	0.4	RI, MS, ¹³ C NMR
19	3-Acetoxyoct-1-ene	1091	1380	1095	1378	0.3	0.4	RI, MS, ¹³ C NMR
20	cis- p-Menth-2-en-1-ol	1108L	1559L	1110	1563	t	0.2	RI, MS
21	trans-p-Menth-2-en-1-ol	1124L	1624L	1126	1616	0.2	0.1	RI, MS

Table 1. The Composition of Illigera trifoliata ssp. cucullata leaf and stem essential oils

22trans-Verbenol11341680113116780.70.2RI, MS, 13 C N.23p-Cymen-8-ol11651848116218480.00.1RI, MS24Terpinen-4-ol11641601116416020.10.2RI, MS25 α -Terpineol11761694117516960.10.2RI, MS26Estragole1178167111821671t0.1RI, MS27Neral12201678121716820.30.4RI, MS, 13 C N28Geraniol12391839123718450.10.2RI, MS29Geranial12471725124517330.30.6RI, MS, 13 C N30Carvacrol128322111278219500.1RI, MS31δ-Elemene13401469133714680.10.1RI, MS, 13 C N33β-Elemene13881591138915870.30.3RI, MS, 13 C N34(E)-β-Caryophyllene1419159814341581t0.1RI, MS, 13 C N35 <i>trans-α</i> -Bergamotene1431157614341581t0.1RI, MS, 13 C N35 <i>trans-α</i> -Bergamotene1431157614341581t0.1RI, MS, 13 C N36 <i>α</i> -Humulene14491667145216660.3
23p-Cymen-8-ol11651848116218480.00.1RI, MS24Terpinen-4-ol11641601116416020.10.2RI, MS25 α -Terpineol11761694117516960.10.2RI, MS26Estragole1178167111821671t0.1RI, MS27Neral12201678121716820.30.4RI, MS, ¹³ C N28Geraniol12391839123718450.10.2RI, MS29Geranial12471725124517330.30.6RI, MS, ¹³ C N30Carvacrol128322111278219500.1RI, MS31δ-Elemene13401469133714680.10.1RI, MS32α-Copaene13751491137714890.41.1RI, MS, ¹³ C N33β-Elemene13881591138915870.30.3RI, MS34(E)-β-Caryophyllene14191598141915941.81.4RI, MS, ¹³ C N35trans-α-Bergamotene1431157614341581t0.1RI, MS36α-Humulene14491667145216660.30.3RI, MS37Germacrene D14761708147717050.40.5RI, MS, ¹³ C N38β-Selinene
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26Estraole1178167111821671t0.1RI, MS27Neral12201678121716820.30.4RI, MS, 13 C N28Geraniol12391839123718450.10.2RI, MS, 13 C N29Geranial12471725124517330.30.6RI, MS, 13 C N30Carvacrol128322111278219500.1RI, MS31δ-Elemene13401469133714680.10.1RI, MS32α-Copaene13751491137714890.41.1RI, MS, 13 C N33β-Elemene13881591138915870.30.3RI, MS, 13 C N34(E)-β-Caryophyllene14191598141915941.81.4RI, MS, 13 C N35trans-α-Bergamotene1431157614341581t0.1RI, MS, 13 C N35Germacrene D14761708147717050.40.5RI, MS, 13 C N36β-Selinene14811717148317140.10.1RI, MS, 13 C N37Germacrene D14761708147717050.40.5RI, MS, 13 C N38β-Selinene14901734149317291.80.9RI, MS, 13 C N40(<i>E,E</i>)-α-Farnesene149617441497<
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30Carvacrol128322111278219500.1RI, MS31 δ -Elemene13401469133714680.10.1RI, MS32 α -Copaene13751491137714890.41.1RI, MS, ¹³ C N33 β -Elemene13881591138915870.30.3RI, MS34 (E) - β -Caryophyllene14191598141915941.81.4RI, MS, ¹³ C N35trans- α -Bergamotene1431157614341581t0.1RI, MS36 α -Humulene14491667145216660.30.3RI, MS37Germacrene D14761708147717050.40.5RI, MS, ¹³ C N38 β -Selinene14811717148317140.10.1RI, MS39Bicyclogermacrene14901734149317291.80.9RI, MS, ¹³ C N40 (E, E) - α -Farnesene14961744149717450.20.1RI, MS41 β -Bisabolene15001727150217220.10.8RI, MS, ¹³ C N42Calamenene#151018231509182800.1RI, MS, ¹³ C N43 δ -Cadinene151417561511175200.2RI, MS, ¹³ C N44 β -Elemol15362079153620760.40.
31 δ -Elemene13401469133714680.10.1RI, MS32 α -Copaene13751491137714890.41.1RI, MS, ¹³ C N33 β -Elemene13881591138915870.30.3RI, MS34 (E) - β -Caryophyllene14191598141915941.81.4RI, MS, ¹³ C N35trans- α -Bergamotene1431157614341581t0.1RI, MS36 α -Humulene14491667145216660.30.3RI, MS37Germacrene D14761708147717050.40.5RI, MS, ¹³ C N38 β -Selinene14811717148317140.10.1RI, MS39Bicyclogermacrene14961744149317291.80.9RI, MS, ¹³ C N40 (E,E) - α -Farnesene14961744149717450.20.1RI, MS41 β -Bisabolene15001727150217220.10.8RI, MS, ¹³ C N42Calamenene#151018231509182800.1RI, MS, ¹³ C N43 δ -Cadinene151417561511175200.2RI, MS, ¹³ C N44 β -Elemol15362079153620760.40.5RI, MS, ¹³ C N45 <i>cis</i> -7- <i>epi</i> -Sesquisabinene hydrate1543L1991L1
32α-Copaene13751491137714890.41.1RI, MS, 13 C N33β-Elemene13881591138915870.30.3RI, MS34 (E) -β-Caryophyllene14191598141915941.81.4RI, MS, 13 C N35trans-α-Bergamotene1431157614341581t0.1RI, MS36α-Humulene14491667145216660.30.3RI, MS37Germacrene D14761708147717050.40.5RI, MS, 13 C N38β-Selinene14811717148317140.10.1RI, MS, 13 C N39Bicyclogermacrene14901734149317291.80.9RI, MS, 13 C N40 (E,E) -α-Farnesene14961744149717450.20.1RI, MS, 13 C N41β-Bisabolene15001727150217220.10.8RI, MS, 13 C N42Calamenene#151018231509182800.1RI, MS, 13 C N43δ-Cadinene151417561511175200.2RI, MS, 13 C N44β-Elemol15362079153620760.40.5RI, MS, 13 C N45cis-7-epi-Sesquisabinene hydrate1543L1991L154319950.00.2RI, MS, 13 C N46(E)-Neroli
33β-Elemene13881591138915870.30.3RI, MS34 (E) -β-Caryophyllene14191598141915941.81.4RI, MS, 13 C N35trans-α-Bergamotene1431157614341581t0.1RI, MS36 α -Humulene14491667145216660.30.3RI, MS37Germacrene D14761708147717050.40.5RI, MS, 13 C N38β-Selinene14811717148317140.10.1RI, MS39Bicyclogermacrene14901734149317291.80.9RI, MS, 13 C N40 (E,E) - α -Farnesene14961744149717450.20.1RI, MS41 β -Bisabolene151018231509182800.1RI, MS43 δ -Cadinene151417561511175200.2RI, MS, 13 C N44 β -Elemol15362079153620760.40.5RI, MS, 13 C N45 <i>cis</i> -7- <i>epi</i> -Sesquisabinene hydrate1543L1991L154319950.00.2RI, MS, 13 C N46 (E) -Nerolidol15502036155020340.20.5RI, MS, 13 C N
34(E)-β-Caryophyllene14191598141915941.81.4RI, MS, 13 C N35trans-α-Bergamotene1431157614341581t0.1RI, MS36α-Humulene14491667145216660.30.3RI, MS37Germacrene D14761708147717050.40.5RI, MS, 13 C N38β-Selinene14811717148317140.10.1RI, MS, 13 C N39Bicyclogermacrene14901734149317291.80.9RI, MS, 13 C N40(E,E)-α-Farnesene14961744149717450.20.1RI, MS, 13 C N41β-Bisabolene15001727150217220.10.8RI, MS, 13 C N42Calamenene#151018231509182800.1RI, MS43δ-Cadinene151417561511175200.2RI, MS, 13 C N44β-Elemol15362079153620760.40.5RI, MS, 13 C N45cis-7-epi-Sesquisabinene hydrate1543L1991L154319950.00.2RI, MS, 13 C N46(E)-Nerolidol15502036155020340.20.5RI, MS, 13 C N
35trans-α-Bergamotene1431157614341581t0.1RI, MS36 α -Humulene14491667145216660.30.3RI, MS37Germacrene D14761708147717050.40.5RI, MS, 13 C N38 β -Selinene14811717148317140.10.1RI, MS39Bicyclogermacrene14901734149317291.80.9RI, MS, 13 C N40(<i>E,E</i>)-α-Farnesene14961744149717450.20.1RI, MS, 13 C N41β-Bisabolene15001727150217220.10.8RI, MS, 13 C N42Calamenene#151018231509182800.1RI, MS43δ-Cadinene151417561511175200.2RI, MS, 13 C N44β-Elemol15362079153620760.40.5RI, MS, 13 C N45 <i>cis</i> -7- <i>epi</i> -Sesquisabinene hydrate1543L1991L154319950.00.2RI, MS, 13 C N46(<i>E</i>)-Nerolidol15502036155020340.20.5RI, MS, 13 C N
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40 $(E,E)-\alpha$ -Farnesene14961744149717450.20.1RI, MS41 β -Bisabolene15001727150217220.10.8RI, MS, 13 C N42Calamenene#151018231509182800.1RI, MS43 δ -Cadinene151417561511175200.2RI, MS44 β -Elemol15362079153620760.40.5RI, MS, 13 C N45cis-7-epi-Sesquisabinene hydrate1543L1991L154319950.00.2RI, MS46(E)-Nerolidol15502036155020340.20.5RI, MS, 13 C N
41β-Bisabolene15001727150217220.10.8RI, MS, 13 C N42Calamenene#151018231509182800.1RI, MS43δ-Cadinene151417561511175200.2RI, MS44β-Elemol15362079153620760.40.5RI, MS, 13 C N45cis-7-epi-Sesquisabinene hydrate1543L1991L154319950.00.2RI, MS, 13 C N46(E)-Nerolidol15502036155020340.20.5RI, MS, 13 C N
42Calamenene#151018231509182800.1RI, MS43 δ -Cadinene151417561511175200.2RI, MS44 β -Elemol15362079153620760.40.5RI, MS, 13 C N45cis-7-epi-Sesquisabinene hydrate1543L1991L154319950.00.2RI, MS, 13 C N46(E)-Nerolidol15502036155020340.20.5RI, MS, 13 C N
43δ-Cadinene151417561511175200.2RI, MS44β-Elemol15362079153620760.40.5RI, MS, ¹³ C N45cis-7-epi-Sesquisabinene hydrate1543L1991L154319950.00.2RI, MS46(E)-Nerolidol15502036155020340.20.5RI, MS, ¹³ C N
44β-Elemol15362079153620760.40.5RI, MS, ¹³ C N45cis-7-epi-Sesquisabinene hydrate1543L1991L154319950.00.2RI, MS46(E)-Nerolidol15502036155020340.20.5RI, MS, ¹³ C N
45 cis-7-epi-Sesquisabinene hydrate 1543L 1991L 1543 1995 0.0 0.2 RI, MS 46 (E)-Nerolidol 1550 2036 1550 2034 0.2 0.5 RI, MS, ¹³ C N
46 (E)-Nerolidol 1550 2036 1550 2034 0.2 0.5 RI, MS, ¹³ C N
47 Spathulenol 1566 2126 1565 2118 0.2 0.6 RL MS. ¹³ C N
48 Caryophyllene oxide 1570 1986 1572 1978 0.1 0.1 RI, MS
49 Globulol 1579 2082 1577 2082 0 0.2 RI, MS
50 Zingiberenol I 1599L 2107L 1601 2107 0 0.2 RI, MS
51 10- <i>epi</i> -γ-Eudesmol 1608 2106 1623 2108 0 0.1 RI, MS
52 β-Eudesmol 1634 2238 1637 2223 0 1.3 RI, MS, ¹³ C N
53 Selin-11-en-4α-ol 1641 2252 1639 2246 0.5 1.6 RI, MS, ¹³ C N
54 α-Eudesmol 1641 2223 1642 2220 t 0.2 RI, MS
55 β-Bisabolol 1659 2143 1655 2148 0 0.2 RI, MS
56 <i>epi</i> -β-Bisabolol 1657 - 1657 - 0 0.2 RI, MS
57 α-Bisabolol 1668 2213 1668 2210 0 0.4 RI, MS, ¹³ C N
58 <i>epi</i> -α-Bisabolol 1674 2214 1671 2213 0 0.6 RI, MS, ¹³ C N
Total 99.4 97.2

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^[a] Order of elution and percentages are given on apolar column (BP-1), excepted those whose names are followed by an asterisk (*), percentages on polar column (BP-20); [#]correct isomer not identified; RI^{litt} ref [18] except components 20 and 21, ref [19], component 45, ref [20] and component 50, ref [17].

The two compositions were similar and they were characterized by the occurrence of monoterpene hydrocarbons. The compositions of leaf and stems oils were dominated by α -phellandrene (25.8 and 29.2%), α -pinene (26.0 and 9.5%) and β -phellandrene (12.8 and 15.8%),

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followed by limonene (5.5 and 8.1%) and β -pinene (7.5 and 3.0%). Other monoterpene hydrocarbons present at appreciable contents were myrcene (4.4 and 3.7%), camphene (2.0 and 1.5%), p-cymene (1.8 and 7.7%), (E)- β -ocimene (2.9 and 3.2%). Oxygenated monoterpenes were identified at low content, each one accounted for less than 1% in both oil samples. Various sesquiterpene hydrocarbons were present at low content, except (E)- β -caryophyllene (1.8 and 1.4%) and bicyclogermacrene (1.8 and 0.9%). Oxygenated sesquiterpenes were a little bit more important in stem oil than in leaf oil, for instance, β -eudesmol 1.3% and selin-11-en-4 α -ol 1.6%. Concerning compound 45, the MS library suggested sesquisabinene hydrate and *cis*-7-epi-sesquisabinene hydrate was selected by comparison with the retention indices with those of the four diastereoisomers identified in *Cedrelopsis grevei* essential oil [20].

The compositions of *I. trifoliata* ssp. *cucullata* leaf and stem oils resembled to that of *I. Jaromatic* S.Z. Huang et S.L. Mo, dominated by monoterpene hydrocarbons, α -pinene, β -pinene, α -phellandrene, p-pymene, β -phellandrene, beside α -bisabolene and α -eudesmol [3]. It differed drastically from that of *I. rhodantha* Hance, dominated by n-hexadecanoic acid, tridecanoic acid, beside linalool and (*E*)- β -caryophyllene [4].

The essential oil samples were then subjected to microbroth dilution assays [6-7] to determine the minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) and median inhibitory concentration (IC₅₀) values using 7 strains of microorganisms: *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Bacillus subtilis*, and *Lactobacillus fermentum*, *Salmonella enterica*, *Escherichia coli*, *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, and *Candida albicans*. The results of the assay obtained after 16-24 hours of incubation are presented in Table 2. The stem essential oil from *Illigera trifoliata* ssp. *cucullata* exhibited antibacterial activity against *Bacillus subtilis* and *Escherichia coli* with MIC values of 4000 µg/mL and IC₅₀ values of 1824,56 ±136 and 2666,66 ±257 µg/mL, respectively. The oil from *Illigera trifoliata* ssp. *cucullata* leaves had no inhibitory effects on test microorganisms (Table 2). The antimicrobial activity of essential oils can be derived from their main compounds. α-pinene, β-pinene, α-phellandrene being main components of essential oil samples in the present study may contribute the role in antimicrobial and anti-cholinesterase activities because they belong to group of monoterpen (C₁₀H₁₆) as previously attributed [21].

Esential oil	Illigera trifoliata ssp. cucullata leaves		Illigera trifoliata ssp. cucullata stems		
samples					
Value (µg/mL)	IC_{50}	MIC	IC_{50}	MIC	
S. aureus	-	-	-	-	
B. subtilis	>8000	>8000	1824,56 ±136	4000	
L. fermentum	>8000	>8000	>8000	>8000	
S. enterica	>8000	>8000	>8000	>8000	
E. coli	>8000	>8000	2666,66 ±257	4000	
P. aeruginosa	-	-	-	-	
C. albicans	-	-	-	-	

Table 2. MIC and IC₅₀ of essential oils from leaves and stems of *Illigera trifoliata* ssp. cucullata

In the previous study, a new aporphine alkaloid (illigerine B) extracted from *Illigera aromatic* exhibited moderate cytotoxic activity against the three tumor cell types Hela, SMMC7721, and Bcap37, with IC₅₀ values of 12.40 ± 0.78 , 32.61 ± 2.05 , and $28.69 \pm 1.80 \mu g/mL$ [18]. Five aporphines (actinodaphnine, N-methylactinodaphnine, launobine, dicentrine, O-methylbulbocapnine) and an oxoaporphine (liriodenine) isolated from the stems of *Illigera luzonensis* showed significant antiplatelet aggregation and actinodaphnine and dicentrinone exhibited significant vasorelaxant activities, respectively [19]. Other research revealed that four monoterpenoids (illigerate A, C, F and G) isolated from *Illigera aromatica* had anti-inflammatory activity with IC₅₀ values of 71.5 ± 7.3 , 74.7 ± 5.6 , 48.0 ± 7.4 and $65.1\pm3.7\mu$ M, respectively [20]. Thus, the previous studies on the biological activity were only from extracts of the species, there were no studies on the antimicrobial activity of essential oils.

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Supporting Information

Supporting Information accompanies this paper on <u>http://www.acgpubs.org/journal/records-of-natural-products</u>

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