Supporting Information

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Lactones from *Glomerella cingulata* Cultivated in Rice: Structural Studies and Antimicrobial Evaluation

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Figura S5: ¹H-¹³C correlation map from HMBC NMR of pestalotin (1)



Figura S6: ¹H-¹³C correlation map from HSQC NMR of pestalotin (1)



Figure S7: General Mass Spectra (100-150 m/z) of pestalotin (1)

Table S1: ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR data for compound **1** (at 400 and 100 MHz in CD₃OD δ in ppm).

Position (H)	1	Position (C)	1
1'	3.63 (m)	1'	72.4
2`	1.57-1.64 (m)	2'	32.5
3	5.15 (1H, s)	3'	27.6
3'	1.40 (m)	4'	22.5
4 `	1.34 (m)	5'	166.7; 13.9
5'	0.93 (3H, d; J = 6.9)	3	90.0
5 ^a	2.25 (dd, J = 3.9, 17.1)	4	173.1
5b	2.81 (dd, J = 3.9, 17.1)	5	29.6
6	4.31 (dt, J = 4.0, 12.8)	6	78.4
OCH ₃	3.77 (3H, s)	OCH ₃	56.1



Figure S8: ¹H NMR spectrum of (3R,8S) - 5,7-dihydroxy-3-(1-hydroxyethyl) - phthalide (2) at 300 MHz.



Figure S9: ¹H NMR (expansion) spectrum of (3R,8S) - 5,7-dihydroxy-3-(1-hydroxyethyl)phthalide (2) at 300 MHz



Figure S10: ¹³C NMR spectrum of (3R,8S)-5,7-dihydroxy-3-(1-hydroxyethyl)-phthalide (2) at 75 MHz







Figure S13: One bond ¹H-¹³C correlation map from HSQC NMR of (3R,8S)-5,7-dihydroxy-3-(1-hydroxyethyl)-phthalide (2) at 300 MHz (¹H) and 75 MHz (¹³C)



Figure S14: Long range ¹H-¹³C correlation map from HMBC NMR of (3R,8S)-5,7-dihydroxy-3-(1-hydroxyethyl)-phthalide (2) at 300 MHz (¹H) and 75 MHz (¹³C). © 2022 ACG Publications. All rights reserved.



Figure S15: ¹H NMR spectrum of (3R,8R)-5,7-dihydroxy-3-(1-hydroxyethyl)-phthalide (**3**) at 300 MHz







Figure S17: DEPT 135 NMR spectrum of (3R,8R)-5,7-dihydroxy-3-(1-hydroxyethyl)-phthalide (3) at 75 MHz



Figure S18: ¹H-¹H correlation map from COSY NMR of (3R,8R)-5,7-dihydroxy-3-(1-hydroxyethyl)-phthalide (3) at 75 MHz



Figure S19: One bond ¹H-¹³C correlation map from HSQC NMR of (3R,8R)-5,7-dihydroxy-3-(1-hydroxyethyl)-phthalide (**3**) at 300 MHz (¹H) and 75 MHz (¹³C)



Figure S20: Long range ¹H-¹³C correlation map from HMBC NMR of (3R,8R)-5,7-dihydroxy-3-(1-hydroxyethyl)-phthalide (**3**) at 300 MHz (¹H) and 75 MHz (¹³C).



Figure S21: General Mass Spectra (100-150 m/z) of phthalides

Position (H)	2	3	Position (C)	2	3
3	5.20 (1H, d, J = 3.3 Hz)	5.22 (1H, d, J = 3.3)	1	172.1	172.1
4	$6.45 (1\mathrm{H},\mathrm{dd},\mathrm{J}{=}0.6,1.5)$	$6.44 (1\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, \mathrm{J}{=}0.6, 1.5)$	3	84.7	84.7
4 `	-	-	4	102.4	102.4
5`	-	-	5	166.7	166.7
5b	-	-	6	103.6	103.6
6	6.29 (1H, d, J = 1.5)	6.28 (1H, d, J = 1.5)	7	159.5	159.5
8	3,98 (1H, m)	4.12 (1H, m)	7 ^a	105.0	105.0
9	1.14 (3H, d, J = 6.3)	1.22 (3H, d, J = 6.3)	9	18.6	18.6

Table S2: ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR data for compound **2** and **3** (at 300 and 75 MHz in CD₃OD δ in ppm).

Table S3: Antimicrobial tests of the F-H/AC fraction and of substances 2 and 3.

Minimum Inhibitory Concentration (µg/mL)					
Bacteria	AcOEt extract	2	3		
Escherichia coli	Х	250(+); 62.5(-)	Х		
Staphylococcus aureus	Х	500(+)	Х		
Klebsiella pneumoniae	Х	X	Х		
Enterococcus faecalis	500(-)	31.2(-)	Х		